

$$\begin{aligned}
& [\varepsilon, \varepsilon]^{\bar{n}} \\
= & \sum_{i=1}^{\bar{n}-1} (\varepsilon_{t_{iK+1}} - \varepsilon_{t_{(i-1)K+1}})^2 \\
= & \sum_{i=1}^{\bar{n}-1} \left(\mu_{t_{iK+1}} - \mu_{t_{(i-1)K+1}} + n^{-\alpha/2} \sigma_\varepsilon \left(\frac{iK+1}{n} \right) \varepsilon_{t_{iK+1}} - n^{-\alpha/2} \sigma_\varepsilon \left(\frac{(i-1)K+1}{n} \right) \varepsilon_{t_{(i-1)K+1}} \right)^2 \quad (1) \\
= & \sum_{i=1}^{\bar{n}-1} \left(\mu_i - \mu_{i-1} + n^{-\alpha/2} \sigma_i \varepsilon_i - n^{-\alpha/2} \sigma_{i-1} \varepsilon_{i-1} \right)^2, \text{ i.e., change notation only} \quad (2) \\
= & [\mu, \mu]^{\bar{n}} + n^{-\alpha/2} \sum_{i=1}^{\bar{n}-1} (\mu_i - \mu_{i-1}) (\sigma_i \varepsilon_i - \sigma_{i-1} \varepsilon_{i-1}) + n^{-\alpha} \sum_{i=1}^{\bar{n}-1} (\sigma_i \varepsilon_i - \sigma_{i-1} \varepsilon_{i-1})^2 \quad (3) \\
= & [\mu, \mu]^{\bar{n}} + A_1 + A_2 \quad (4) \\
= & [\mu, \mu]^{\bar{n}} + n^{-\alpha/2} O_p \left(\frac{1}{\bar{n}^{1/2}} \right) + 2\bar{n} n^{-\alpha} \sigma_\varepsilon^2 + O_p \left(n^{-\alpha} \bar{n}^{1/2} \right) \quad (5) \\
= & 2\bar{n} n^{-\alpha} \sigma_\varepsilon^2 + O_p \left(n^{-\alpha} \bar{n}^{1/2} \right) + O_p \left(n^{-\alpha/2} \bar{n}^{-1/2} \right), \text{ last term} = o_p \left(n^{-\alpha} \bar{n}^{1/2} \right) \text{ if } \alpha < 2 - 2\beta \quad (6)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
A_1 &= n^{-\alpha/2} \sum_{i=1}^{\bar{n}-1} (\mu_i - \mu_{i-1}) (\sigma_i \varepsilon_i - \sigma_{i-1} \varepsilon_{i-1}) \\
&= n^{-\alpha/2} O \left(\frac{1}{\bar{n}} \right) \sum_{i=1}^{\bar{n}-1} \sigma_i \varepsilon_i \\
&= n^{-\alpha/2} O_p \left(\frac{1}{\bar{n}^{1/2}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
A_2 &= n^{-\alpha} \sum_{i=1}^{\bar{n}-1} (\sigma_i \varepsilon_i - \sigma_{i-1} \varepsilon_{i-1})^2 \\
&= 2n^{-\alpha} \sum_{i=1}^{\bar{n}-1} (\sigma_i \varepsilon_i)^2 + O_p(n^{-\alpha}) - 2n^{-\alpha} \sum_{i=1}^{\bar{n}-1} \sigma_i \sigma_{i-1} \varepsilon_i \varepsilon_{i-1} \\
&= 2n^{-\alpha} \sum_{i=1}^{\bar{n}-1} \left((\sigma_i \varepsilon_i)^2 - \sigma_i^2 \right) + 2n^{-\alpha} \sum_{i=1}^{\bar{n}-1} \sigma_i^2 + O_p(n^{-\alpha}) - 2n^{-\alpha} \sum_{i=1}^{\bar{n}-1} \sigma_i \sigma_{i-1} \varepsilon_i \varepsilon_{i-1} \\
&= 2n^{-\alpha} O_p \left(\bar{n}^{1/2} \right) + 2\bar{n} n^{-\alpha} \sigma_\varepsilon^2 + O_p \left(n^{-\alpha} \bar{n}^{1/2} \right) \\
&= 2\bar{n} n^{-\alpha} \sigma_\varepsilon^2 + O_p \left(n^{-\alpha} \bar{n}^{1/2} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Cross term.

$$\begin{aligned}
& [X, \varepsilon]^{\bar{n}} \\
= & \sum_{i=1}^{\bar{n}-1} \left(\varepsilon_{t_{iK+1}} - \varepsilon_{t_{(i-1)K+1}} \right) \left(X_{t_{iK+1}} - X_{t_{(i-1)K+1}} \right) \\
= & \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \sum_{i=1}^{\bar{n}-1} \left(\varepsilon_{t_{iK+1}} - \varepsilon_{t_{(i-1)K+1}} \right) \left(u_{t_{iK+1}} + u_{t_{iK}} + u_{t_{iK-1}} + \dots + u_{t_{(i-1)K+2}} \right) \\
= & \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \sum_{i=1}^{\bar{n}-1} \left(\mu_{t_{iK+1}} - \mu_{t_{(i-1)K+1}} \right) \left(u_{t_{iK+1}} + u_{t_{iK}} + u_{t_{iK-1}} + \dots + u_{t_{(i-1)K+2}} \right) + \\
& + n^{-(1+\alpha)} \sum_{i=1}^{\bar{n}-1} \left(\sigma_{\varepsilon} \left(\frac{iK+1}{n} \right) \varepsilon_{t_{iK+1}} - \sigma_{\varepsilon} \left(\frac{(i-1)K+1}{n} \right) \varepsilon_{t_{(i-1)K+1}} \right) \left(u_{t_{iK+1}} + u_{t_{iK}} + u_{t_{iK-1}} + \dots + u_{t_{(i-1)K+2}} \right) \\
= & O_p \left(n^{-1/2} \bar{n}^{-1} (K\bar{n})^{1/2} \right) + n^{-(1+\alpha)} \sum_{i=1}^{\bar{n}-1} \sigma_{\varepsilon} \left(\frac{iK+1}{n} \right) \varepsilon_{t_{iK+1}} u_{t_{iK+1}} + \\
& + n^{-(1+\alpha)/2} \sum_{i=1}^{\bar{n}-1} \sigma_{\varepsilon} \left(\frac{iK+1}{n} \right) \varepsilon_{t_{iK+1}} \left(u_{t_{iK}} + u_{t_{iK-1}} + \dots + u_{t_{(i-1)K+2}} \right) - \\
& - n^{-(1+\alpha)/2} \sum_{i=1}^{\bar{n}-1} \sigma_{\varepsilon} \left(\frac{(i-1)K+1}{n} \right) \varepsilon_{t_{(i-1)K+1}} \left(u_{t_{iK+1}} + u_{t_{iK}} + u_{t_{iK-1}} + \dots + u_{t_{(i-1)K+2}} \right) \\
= & O_p \left(\bar{n}^{-1} \right) + C_1 + C_2 + C_3 \\
= & O_p \left(\bar{n}^{-1} \right) + n^{-(1+\alpha)/2} O_p \left(\bar{n}^{1/2} \right) + n^{-(1+\alpha)/2} \bar{n} \rho_{u\varepsilon} \sigma_{\varepsilon} + n^{-(1+\alpha)/2} O_p \left(n^{1/2} \right) + n^{-(1+\alpha)/2} O_p \left(n^{1/2} \right) \\
= & n^{-(1+\alpha)/2} \bar{n} \rho_{u\varepsilon} \sigma_{\varepsilon} + O_p \left(n^{-\alpha/2} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
C_1 &= n^{-(1+\alpha)/2} \sum_{i=1}^{\bar{n}-1} \sigma_{\varepsilon} \left(\frac{iK+1}{n} \right) \varepsilon_{t_{iK+1}} u_{t_{iK+1}} \\
&= n^{-(1+\alpha)/2} \sum_{i=1}^{\bar{n}-1} \left(\sigma_{\varepsilon} \left(\frac{iK+1}{n} \right) \varepsilon_{t_{iK+1}} u_{t_{iK+1}} - \sigma_{\varepsilon} \left(\frac{iK+1}{n} \right) \rho_{u\varepsilon} \right) + \rho_{u\varepsilon} n^{-(1+\alpha)/2} \sum_{i=1}^{\bar{n}-1} \sigma_{\varepsilon} \left(\frac{iK+1}{n} \right) \\
&= n^{-(1+\alpha)/2} O_p \left(\bar{n}^{1/2} \right) + n^{-(1+\alpha)/2} \bar{n} \rho_{u\varepsilon} \sigma_{\varepsilon}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
C_2 &= n^{-(1+\alpha)/2} \sum_{i=1}^{\bar{n}-1} \sigma_{\varepsilon} \left(\frac{iK+1}{n} \right) \varepsilon_{t_{iK+1}} \left(u_{t_{iK}} + u_{t_{iK-1}} + \dots + u_{t_{(i-1)K+2}} \right) \\
&= n^{-(1+\alpha)/2} O_p \left((K\bar{n})^{1/2} \right) = n^{-(1+\alpha)/2} O_p \left(n^{1/2} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
C_3 &= n^{-(1+\alpha)/2} \sum_{i=1}^{\bar{n}-1} \sigma_{\varepsilon} \left(\frac{(i-1)K+1}{n} \right) \varepsilon_{t_{(i-1)K+1}} \left(u_{t_{iK+1}} + u_{t_{iK}} + u_{t_{iK-1}} + \dots + u_{t_{(i-1)K+2}} \right) \\
&= n^{-(1+\alpha)/2} O_p \left(\sqrt{K\bar{n}} \right) = n^{-(1+\alpha)/2} O_p \left(n^{1/2} \right)
\end{aligned}$$